## VISHESH ACADEMY OF COMMERCE

DSS-33, OLD COURT COMPLEX NEAR FAWARA CHOWK HISAR

## BUSINESS MATHS AND LOGICAL REASONING \& STATISTICS

CA FOUNDATION
TEST -CHAPTER-2 EQUATIONS
TIME: 1 Hrs.
Marks: 30

1. On solving $\sqrt{\frac{x}{1-x}}+\sqrt{\frac{1-x}{x}}=2 \frac{1}{6}$, we get one value of $x$ as:
(a) $\frac{4}{13}$
(b) $\frac{1}{13}$
(c) $\frac{2}{13}$
(d) $\frac{3}{13}$
2. Find the positive value of $k$ for which the equations: $x^{2}+k x+64=0$ and $x^{2}-8 x+k=0$ will have real roots :
(a) 12
(b) 16
(c) 18
(d) 22 .
3. A man sells 6 radios and 4 televisions for Rs. 18,480 . If 14 radios and 2 televisions are sold for the same amount, what is the price of a television?
(a) Rs. 1,848
(b) Rs. 840
(c) Rs. 1,680
(d) Rs. 3,360
4. If one root of a equation is $2+\sqrt{5}$, then the quadratic equation is:
(a) $x^{2}+4 x-1=0$
(b) $x^{2}-4 x-1=0$
(c) $x^{2}+4 x+1-0$
(d) $x^{2}-4 x+1=0$
5. A man starts his job with a certain monthly salary and earns a fixed increment every year. If his salary was Rs. 1,500 after 4 years of service and Rs. 1,800 after 10 years of service, what was his starting salary and what is the annual increment in rupees?
(a) Rs. 1,300, Rs. 50
(b) Rs. 1,100, Rs. 50
(c) Rs. 1,500, Rs. 30
(d) None.
6. The sides of an equilateral triangle are shortened by 12 units, 13 units and 14 units respectively and a right angled triangle is formed. The side of the equilateral triangle is :
(a) 17 units
(b) 16 units
(c) 15 units
(d) 18 units.
7. The value of $\sqrt{6+\sqrt{6+\sqrt{6+\cdots \ldots \ldots \infty}}}$ is :
(a) -3
(b) 2
(c) 3
(d) 4
8. Area of a rectangular garden is 8000 square metres. Ratio in length and breadth is $5: 4$. A path of uniform width, runs all round the inside of the garden. If the path occupies $3200 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$, what is its width?
(a) 12 m
(b) 6 m
(c) 10 m
(d) 4 m .
9. A man went to the Reserve Bank of India with Rs. 1,000 . He asked the cashier to give him Rs. 5 and Rs. 10 notes only in return. The man got 175 notes in all. Find how many notes of Rs. 5 and Rs. 10 did he receive?
(a) $(25,150)$
(b) $(40,110)$
(c) $(150,25)$
(d) None.
10. A man rowing at the rate of 5 km in ah hour in still water takes thrice as much time in going 40 km up the river as in going 40 km down. Find the rate at which the river flows :
(a) $9 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
(b) $2.5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
(c) $12 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
(d) None.
11. The value of
$2+\frac{1}{2+\frac{1}{2+\frac{1}{2+\frac{1}{2+\cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots}}}}$ is :
(a) $1 \pm \sqrt{2}$
(b) $2 \pm \sqrt{5}$.
(c) $2 \pm \sqrt{3}$
(d) None.
12. If $x^{3}-6 x^{2}+11 x-6=0$ then find the value of $(3 x-4)$.
(a) $(1,2,3)$
(b) $(-1,2,5)$
(c) $(-1,3,5)$
(d) $(2,3,5)$
13. If $(2+\sqrt{3})$ is a root of a quadratic equation $x^{2}+p_{x}+q=0$ then find the value of $p$ and $q$.
(a) $(4 .-1)$
(b) $(4,1)$
(c) $(-4,1)$
(d) $(2,3)$
14. If area and perimeter of a rectangle is $6000 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ and 340 cm respectively, then the length of rectangle is :
(a) 140
(b) 120
(c) 170
(d) 200
15. A straight line passes through the point $(3,2)$. Find the equation of the straight line.
(a) $x+y=1$
(b) $x+y=3$
(c) $x+y=5$
(d) $x+y=2$
16. One root of the equation:
$x^{2}-2(5+m) x+3(7+m)=0$ is reciprocal of the other.
Find the value of $M$.
(a) -7
(b) 7
(c) $1 / 7$
(d) $-1 / 7$
17. A straight line of $x=15$ is :
(a) Parallel to $Y$ axis
(b) Parallel to X axis
(c) A diagonal line.
(d) Passes through origin.
18. If the length of a rectangle is 5 cm more than the breadth and if the perimeter of the rectangle is 40 cm , then the length \& breadth of the rectangle will be :
(a) $7.5 \mathrm{~cm}, 2.5 \mathrm{~cm}$
(b) $10 \mathrm{~cm}, 5 \mathrm{~cm}$
(c) $12.5 \mathrm{~cm}, 7.5 \mathrm{~cm}$
(d) $15.5 \mathrm{~cm}, 10.5 \mathrm{~cm}$.
19. Roots of the equation $3 x^{2}-14 x+k=0$ will be reciprocal of each other if:
(a) $k=-3$
(b) $k=0$
(c) $k=3$
(d) $k=14$.
20. Positive value of ' $k$ ' for which the roots of equation $12 x^{2}+k x+5=0$ are in ratio $3: 2$, is:
(a) $5 / 12$
(b) $12 / 5$
(c) $\frac{3 \sqrt{10}}{2}$
(d) $5 \sqrt{10}$
21. If one root of the equation $x^{2}-3 x+k=0$ is 2 , then value of $k$ will be:
(a) -10
(b) 0
(c) 2
(d) 10
22. If the ratio of $(5 x-3 y)$ and $(5 y-3 x)$ is $3: 4$, then the value of $x: y$ is :
(a) $27: 29$
(b) $29: 27$
(c) $3: 4$
(d) $4: 3$
23. If roots of equation $x^{2}+x+r=0$ are ' $\alpha$ ' and ' $\beta$ ' and $\alpha^{3}+\beta^{3}=-6$. Find the value ' $r$ ' ?
(a) $\frac{-5}{3}$
(b) $\frac{7}{3}$
(c) $\frac{-4}{3}$
(d) 1
24. If one root of the Equation $p x^{2}+q x+r=0$ is $r$ then other root of the Equation will be:
(a) $1 / q$
(b) $1 / r$
(c) $1 / p$
(d) $\frac{1}{p+q}$
25. If the ratio of the roots of the Equation $4 x^{2}-6 x+p=0$ is $1: 2$ then the value of $p$ is:
(a) 1
(b) 2
(c) -2
(d) -1
26. If arithmetic mean between roots of a quadratic equation is 8 and the geometric mean between them is 5 , the equation is $\qquad$ _.
(a) $x^{2}-16 x-25=0$
(b) $x^{2}-16 x+25=0$
(c) $x^{2}-16 x+5=0$
(d) None of these.
27. The minimum value of the function $x^{2}-6 x+10$ is $\qquad$ .
(a) 1
(b) 2
(c) 3
(d) 10
28. If one of the roots of the equation $x^{2}+p x+a$ is $\sqrt{3}+2$, then the value of ' $p$ ' and ' $a$ ' is:
(a) $-4,-1$
(b) $4,-1$
(c) $-4,1$
(d) 4,1
29. The quadratic equation $x^{2}-2 k x+16=0$ will have equal roots when the value of ' $k$ ' is $\qquad$ .
(a) $\pm 1$
(b) $\pm 2$
(c) $\pm 3$
(d) $\pm 4$
30. If $\alpha$ and $\beta$ are the roots of the equation $x^{2}+7 x+12=0$, then the equation whose roots $(\alpha+\beta)^{2}$ and $(\alpha-$ $\beta)^{2}$ will be:
(a) $x^{2}-14 x+49=0$
(b) $x^{2}-24 x+144=0$
(c) $x^{2}-50 x+49=0$
(d) $x^{2}-19 x+144=0$

## ANSWER KEY

TEST-CHAPTER-2 EQUATIONS

| 1. A | 2. B | 3. D | 4. B | 5. A | 6. A | 7. C | 8. C | 9. C | 10. B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11. A | 12. B | 13. C | 14. B | 15. C | 16. A | 17. A | 18. C | 19. C | 20. D |
| 21. C | 22. A | 23. C | 24. B | 25. B | 26. B | 27. A | 28. C | 29. D | 30. C |

